

# ENERGY SUBMETERING FOR CIRCUIT BREAKER PANELS and HARVESTING ENERGY FROM ENERGIZED CONDUCTORS

Qiliang (Richard) Xu, Michael Seidel, WaiWah Chan,  
Dr. Igor Paprotny, Profs. R. M. White and P. K.

*21 April 2011*

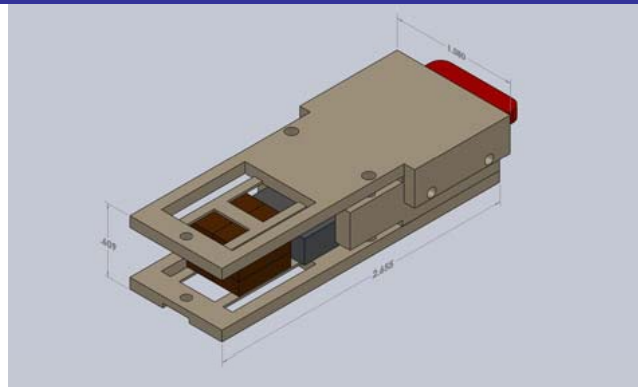
Proximity AC  
current sensor



Commercial  
Circuit  
Breaker

1

2



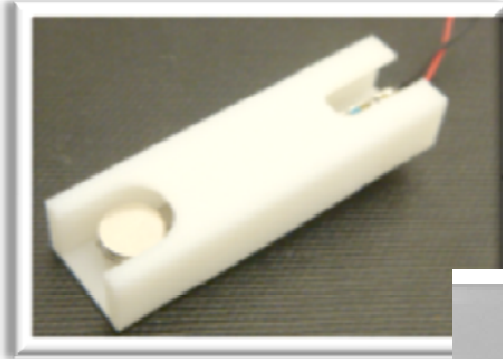
Proposed energy  
harvester with power  
conditioning and radio

# Why sub-metering our buildings?

We need more information !

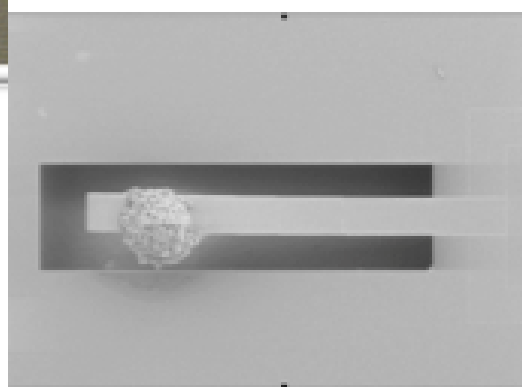
**Demand response**

**Smart grid**



Meso-scale proximity AC current sensor (2 x 0.5 in<sup>2</sup>)

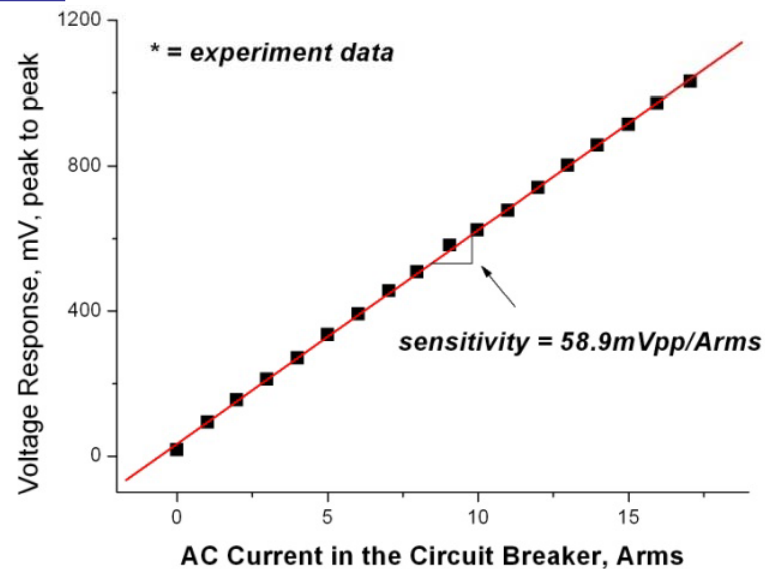
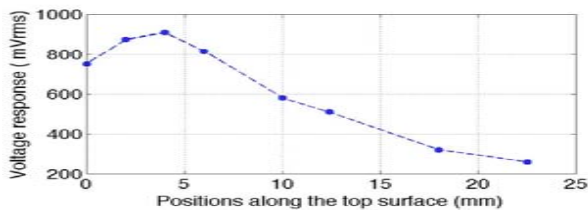
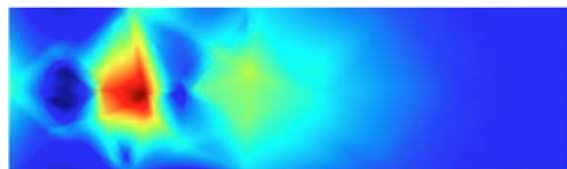
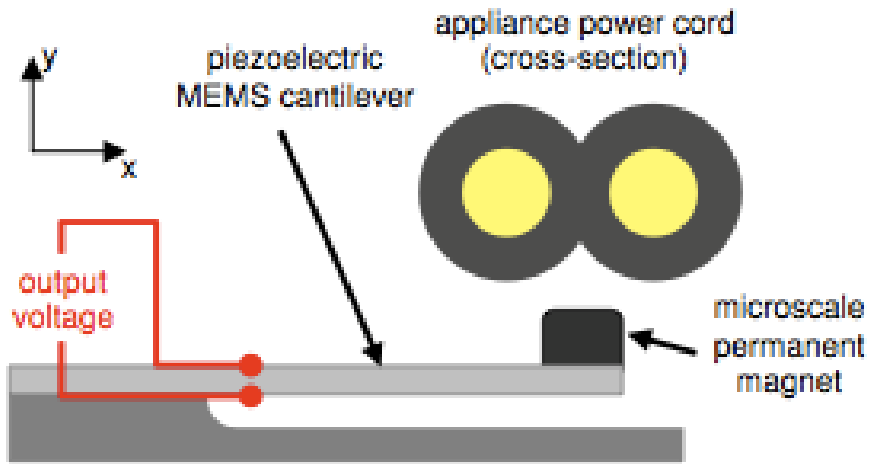
MEMS AC current sensor (800 micron long beam)



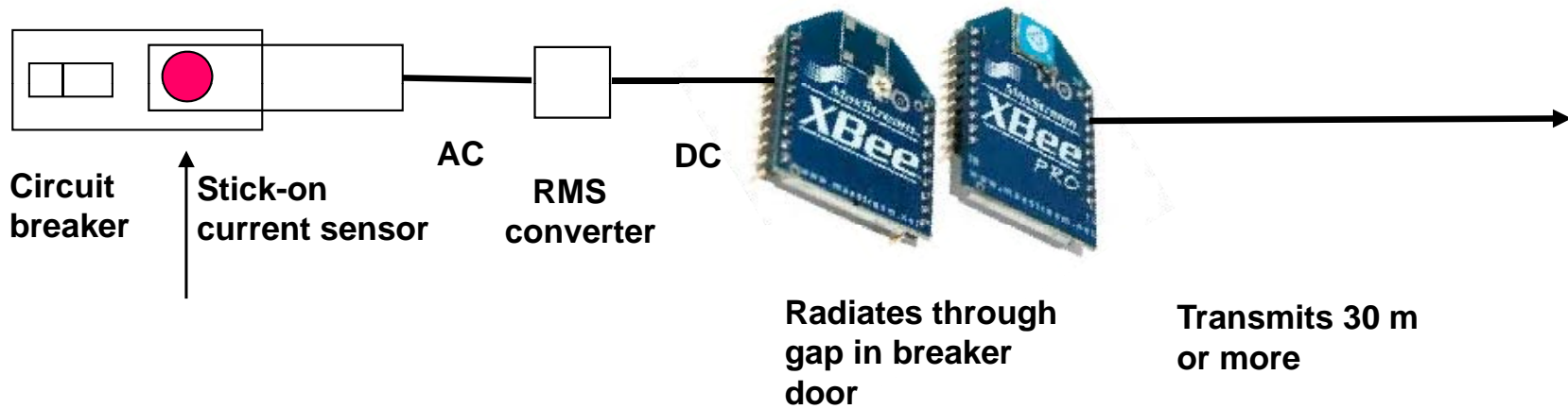
- **Inexpensive**
- **Easy to install**
- **Small**
- **Wirelessly enabled**

# Wirelessly enabled AC electric current sensors on circuit breaker panels

## Working principle – Current sensor



**Demo !**

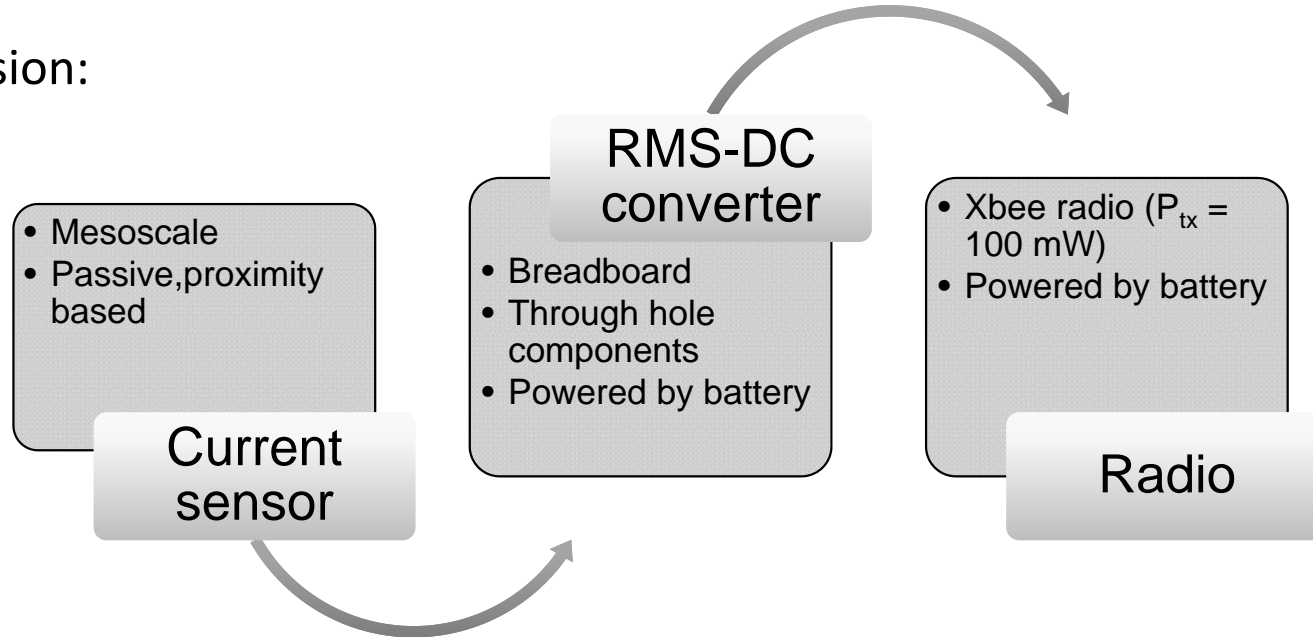


For our demo today the circuit breaker is in a building across the street so we take the AC sensor signal, convert it to an rms signal, digitize it, put it on the Internet, pick it up with a laptop, and project it here

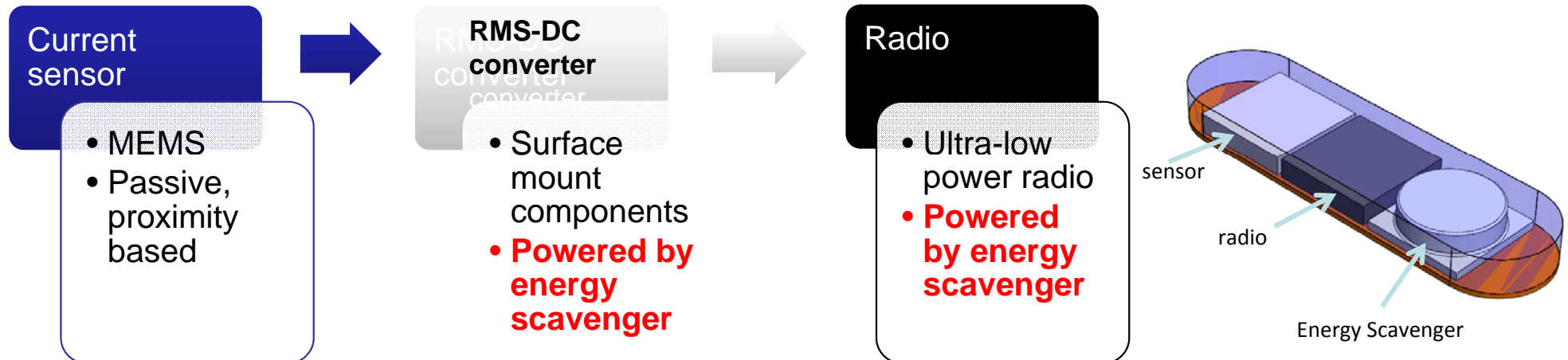


# The status quo and future plans

Present version:



Future version:



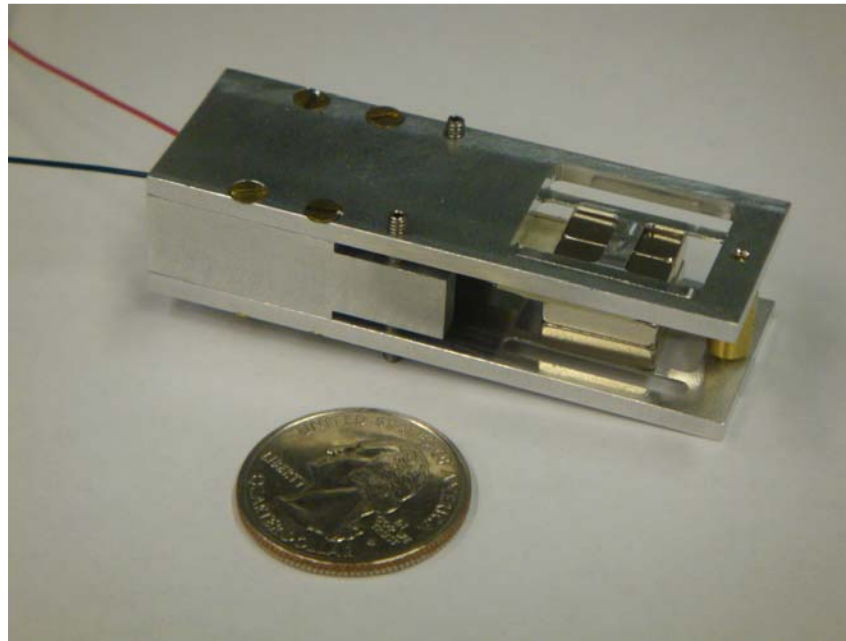
# Challenges and potential problems

---

1. Our current sensor is subjected to noise from ambient vibrations.
  - Band pass filter which attenuates the signals other than 60Hz
2. Interferences from neighboring breakers.
  - Need further investigations.

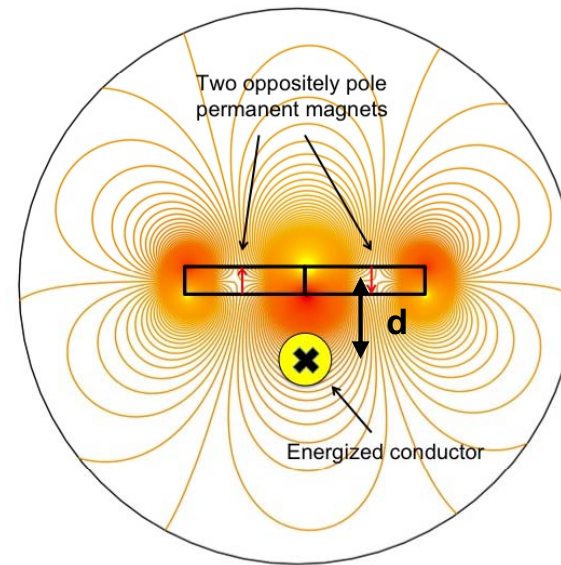
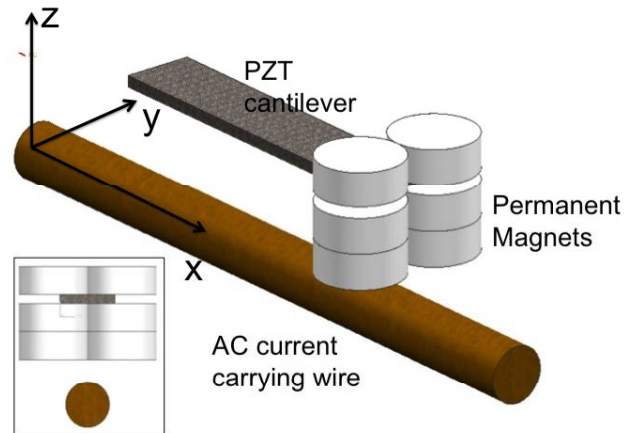
Questions?

# HARVESTING ENERGY FROM ENERGIZED CONDUCTORS





# Quick preview

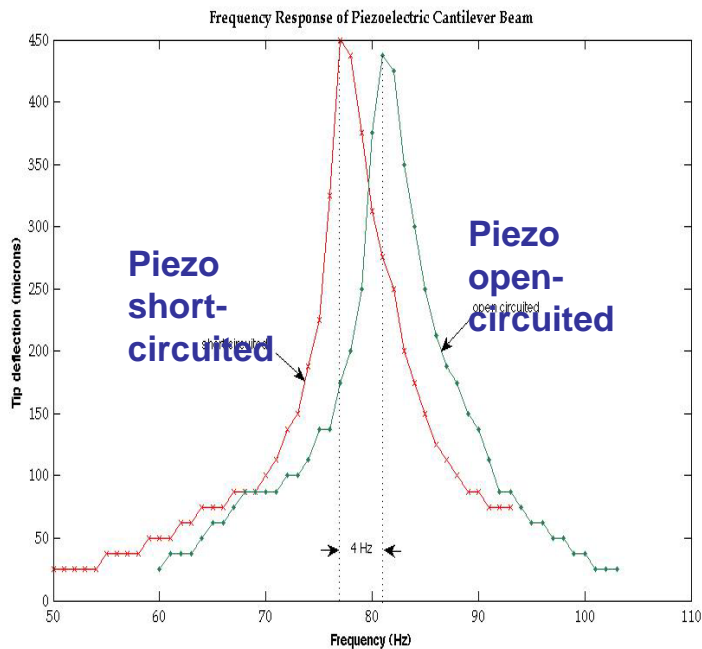


1. This design uses two oppositely poled magnets
2. Maximum power achieved: few milliwatts @  $50 A_{\text{rms}}$
3. Output power is proportional to  $I^2$  and  $1/d^4$

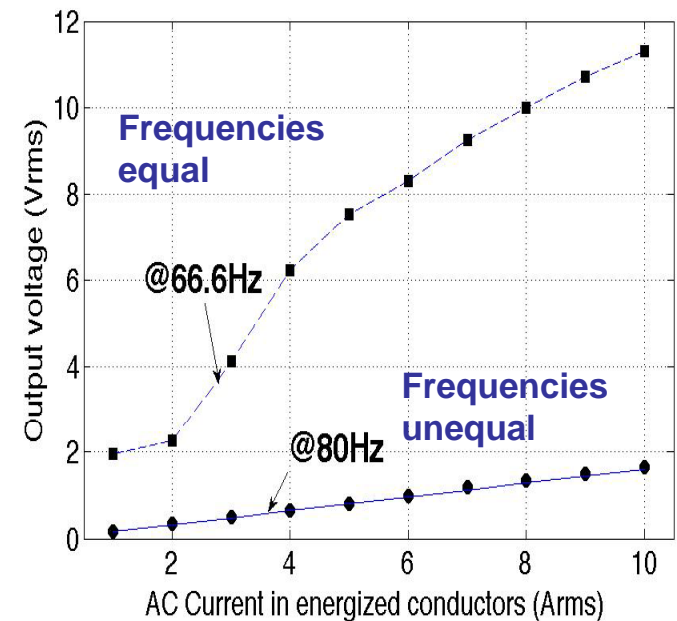
# Smart energy harveste

**The resonance frequency of an energy harvester can be passively tuned by changing the resistive load across the device.**

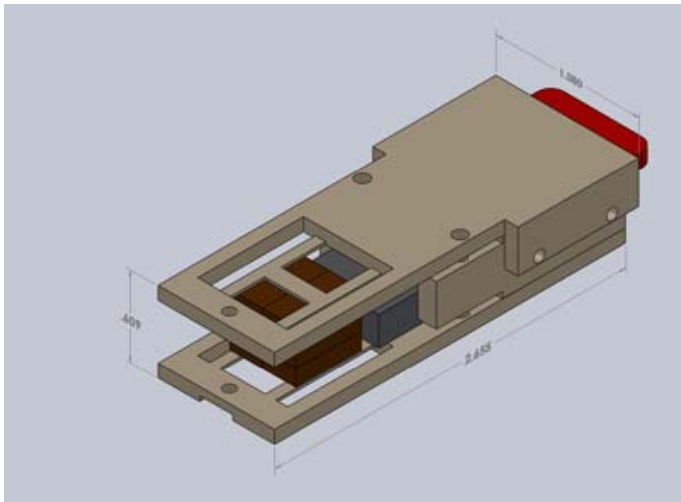
1. Allow the energy harvester to switch to its “sleep mode” when the supplied power exceeds the power required



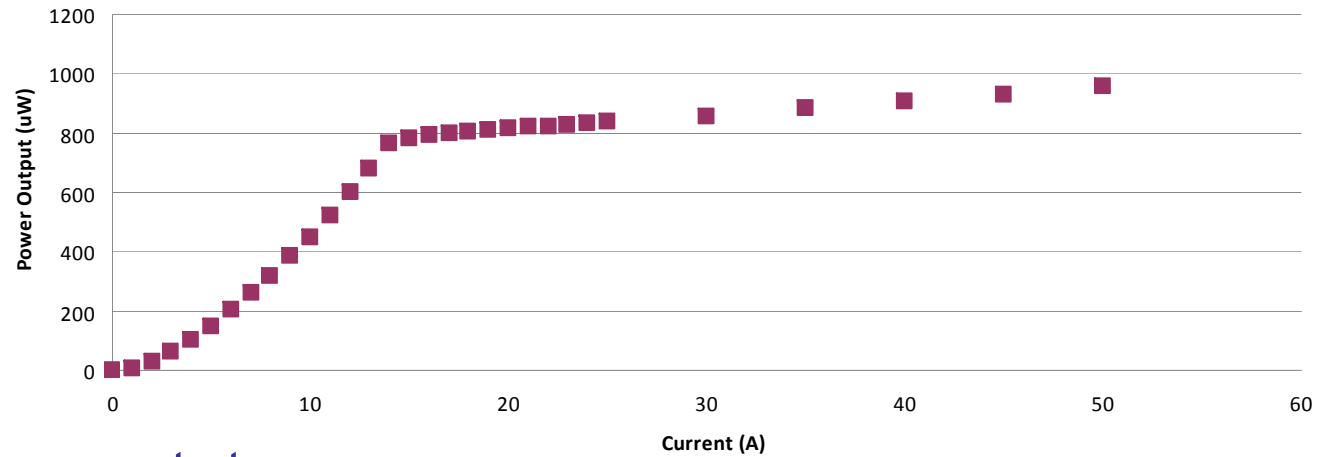
2. Turn the energy harvester into a linear electric current sensor by making the mechanical resonant frequency different from the drive frequency



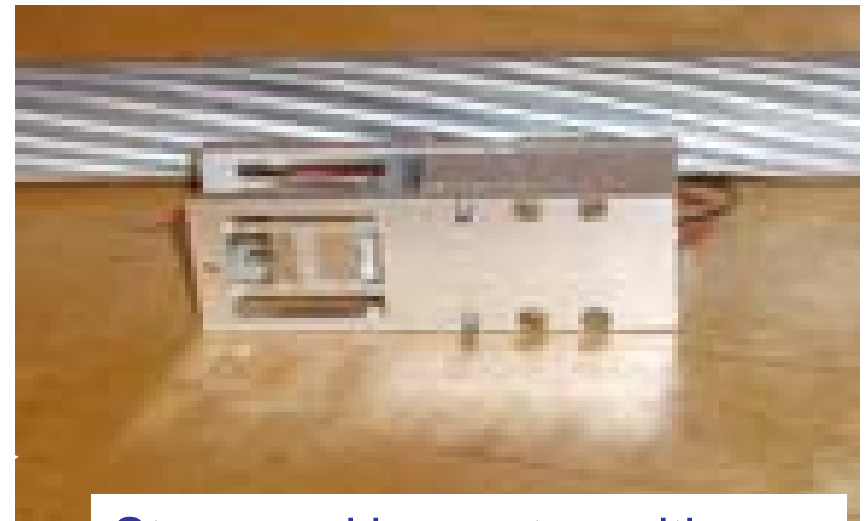
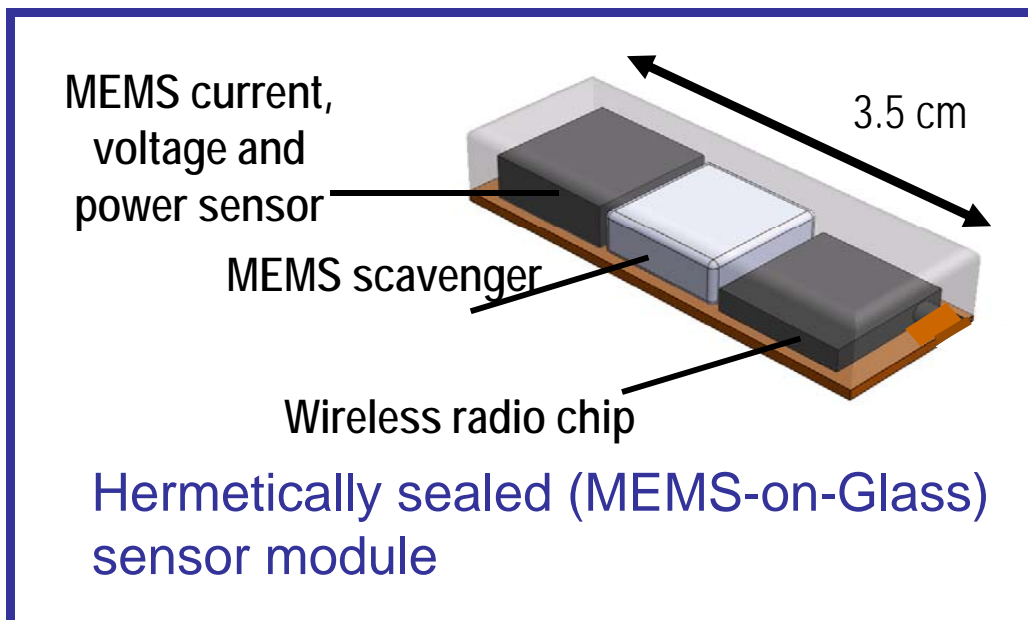
# Energy Harvesters



### Stopper performance of Scavenger 4



### Energy harvester with over-current stops



### Stopped harvester with overhead powerline conductor

## Conclusions

1. We can make wireless passive proximity AC current sensors, for which one application is “stick-on” monitoring of residential or commercial loads from existing circuit breakers.
2. We can made related devices that harvest energy from energized conductors, to power self-sufficient wireless sensors.